

$$c = 3,00 \cdot 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \quad e = 1,60 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C} \quad m_e = 9,11 \cdot 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \quad m_p = 1,67 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8,99 \cdot 10^9 \text{ mF}^{-1} \quad \sin(\alpha) + \sin(\beta) = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\vec{a}(t) = a_x(t) \vec{i} + a_y(t) \vec{j} + a_z(t) \vec{k} \quad \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \cos(\alpha) \quad \left| \vec{a} \times \vec{b} \right| = |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \sin(\alpha)$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = x(t) \vec{i} + y(t) \vec{j} + z(t) \vec{k} \quad \vec{v}(t) = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} \quad \vec{a}(t) = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} \quad \vec{a} = \vec{a}_t + \vec{a}_n \quad \vec{a}_t = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} \vec{v}^0 \quad \vec{a}_n = \frac{v^2}{r} \vec{n}^0$$

$$x(t) = x_0 + v_{0x}t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2 \quad v_x(t) = v_{0x} + a_x t \quad v_{PA} = v'_{PB} + v_{BA} \quad \vec{p} = m \vec{v} \quad \sum \vec{F} = m \vec{a}$$

$$\sum \vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} \quad F_t = fN \quad W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} \quad W_G = mg(y_1 - y_2) \quad \vec{F}_p = -k \vec{x} \quad W_{F_p} = \frac{1}{2} k(x_1^2 - x_2^2)$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} mv^2 \quad P = \frac{dW}{dt} \quad P = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{v} \quad E_p(h) = mgh \quad E_p(x) = \frac{1}{2} kx^2 \quad E_m = E_k + E_p$$

$$\Delta E_m = W_{\text{nekonz}} \quad \Delta E = \Delta mc^2 \quad \theta = \frac{s}{r} \quad \vec{\omega} = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \vec{n} \quad \vec{\varepsilon} = \frac{d\vec{\omega}}{dt} \quad \vec{v} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r} \quad \vec{a}_t = \vec{\varepsilon} \times \vec{r} \quad \vec{a}_n = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{v}$$

$$\theta(t) = \theta_0 + \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon t^2 \quad I = \sum_i m_i r_i^2 \quad I = \int r^2 dm \quad I = I_0 + md^2 \quad E_k = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

$$\vec{M} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} \quad \sum \vec{M} = I \vec{\varepsilon} \quad \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + \frac{k}{m} x = 0 \quad x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \varphi_0) \quad \omega = 2\pi f = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$F_b = -bv \quad m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = 0 \quad \omega' = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{4m^2}} \quad x(t) = x_m e^{-bt/2m} \sin(\omega' t + \alpha)$$

$$y(x, t) = y_m \sin(kx - \omega t + \varphi) \quad k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \lambda = Tc \quad v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}}$$

$$y(x, t) = 2y_m \sin(kx) \cos(\omega t)$$

$$y(x, t) = 2y_m \cos\left(\frac{\varphi}{2}\right) \sin\left(kx - \omega t + \frac{\varphi}{2}\right)$$

$$F_c = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{|Q_1||Q_2|}{r^2} \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}_{Q_0}}{Q_0} \quad \vec{p} = Q \vec{d} \quad \vec{M} = \vec{p} \times \vec{E} \quad I = \frac{dQ}{dt} \quad U = RI \quad P = UI$$

$$\sum \varepsilon_i - \sum R_j I_j = 0 \quad \sum I_i = \sum I_j \quad C = \frac{Q}{U}$$